No. 221 JULY 1987 Spearhead

THE REAL RULERS OF BRITAIN (See pages 2 & 3)



End of the carnival

So the big carnival is over and the balloons, bunting, rosettes, billboards and loudhailers can be put back into the cupboards, the make-up ladies sent on their way, the babies returned to their mothers and the slogans, cliches, waffle and soft-soap discontinued. 'Democracy's' periodic circus has come to the end of its season, and life goes on just as before.

Not entirely unpredictably, we have another 4-5 years of Tory government. Mrs. Thatcher's many powerful backers are hailing this as a great 'achievement' for her, but the truth is that she won by default: the alternatives were ones of such dismal prospect that she could hardly have failed. This fact apart, a daily barrage of propaganda by the predominantly Tory press, which serves the same monied interests as those to whom the Prime Minister has dedicated her political life, ensured that the colossal failures of the past 8 years would be neatly brushed under the carpet and the voting cattle would be persuaded to give Maggie yet another term.

"Mrs. Thatcher," crowed the smooth Saatchi & Saatchi ad-men, "has halted Britain's decline." That anyone looking with attention around this country could seriously believe this would seem incredible to the informed mind, but we must not forget that it is the business of the mass media — and one

which they carry out very effectively—to see to it that the public, by and large, is not informed. Therefore such a claim could be made by Tory supporters with perfectly straight faces throughout the weeks of the campaign.

The claim was obviously believed by a great many people in the southern counties, but of course that would hardly be surprising. Considering that a large part of this section of the population finds it difficult to extend its worldly horizons as far as Brixton or Tottenham, let alone anywhere north of Watford, the siren tune that all was well with Britannia was guaranteed to have its soporific effect. Throughout these suburbs and shires, a mynah bird dressed in a city suit and blue rosette and trained to repeat a few bromides in the required Etonian accent could have been assured of a thumping majority as a candidate anywhere.

The Tory propaganda machine did its job well in switching public attention as far as possible away from the thorny question of unemployment and onto that of national defence, where the Opposition had left itself so naked that it never stood a prayer. Much Thatcher rhetoric was devoted to the theme of Britain's 'independent' nuclear deterrent and the great danger that would ensue if Labour was allowed to get rid of it. Strangely, no-one thought to ask the question: what independent nuclear deterrent? The truth is that today most of this deterrent consists of Cruise and Polaris missiles that are only supplied to us by courtesy of America and the former of which are manned by American servicemen in occupation of Britain and may not be fired except by the consent of the ageing actor in the White House. Take away these two weapons and what is left that is truly independent, i.e. British-made, supplied and controlled, does not amount to very much.

But what was most noticeable about the campaign was the almost total exclusion from any debate of the burning issue of race and immigration, for the silence on this topic was almost deafening. Rumour had it before the election that all the parties had made an unofficial pact under which none of them would play the 'race card', and one report in The Daily Telegraph actually made so bold as

to admit this. Certainly, the rumour seemed to be amply confirmed by the virtual absence of any discussion of the matter. Here, as in so many other questions, the 'people's representatives' chose to sweep under the table what to millions of those people was a burning issue of paramount importance. Such are the ways of 'democracy'.

There is, however, perhaps a perverse logic in this exclusion of race and immigration from the election agenda — since, had it been discussed, the discussion would have been a pretty dull one, as the parties had almost nothing to argue about, their policies on the issue being practically identical!

On another topic this same near unanimity displayed. Perusing the parties' manifestos to see what they said about law and order and rising crime, one might easily have not known which manifesto one was reading. What was noticeable about all of them was that there was almost no mention at all of the possibility that the present crime rate might have something to do with a deep moral rot within society and with the fact that in our population today we are breeding a quite frightening number of people of plainly subhuman type. No doubt none of the established parties cares to be reminded of this, for it would call into question, not just the record of one or another particular government, but the whole basic ethos of modern liberal democracy to which all the parties subscribe. It might also — shock, horror, gasp! — open up the question of whether in fact Britain had reached the point at which a policy of eugenics might indeed be called for. In the event, all that was said about crime in the respective party manifestos amounted to a mere tickling at the symptoms of the problem better prison facilities, more police, police-community relations, greater security measures for property and streets, more logical sentencing, and so on.

One overwhelmingly significant outcome of the election is the increased polarisation in Britain between north and south, with the map of Britain now a sea of red in its upper half puctuated by pockets of blue, and in the lower half with these colours in the reverse order. This, perhaps more than anything else, is today's principal monument to Thatcherism—a house divided against itself, which, as Abraham Lincoln once said in another context, cannot stand.

If there is one abiding impression from this month of hullaballo, it is that the 1987 election underlined what has been the central truth of British politics for some considerable

truth of British politics for some considerable time but was never so glaringly indicated as this year: that in these times it is the mass media that is the monarch over all national life. The media determined who would win this election, as it has determined who would win elections for a long time. The parties and their 'leaders' are mere marionettes, dancing on the ends of strings manipulated by the media bosses. This is what makes such an utter farce of 'democracy', with its kindergarten supposition that somehow 'the people' decide. The people simply choose between three options of doubtful distinction all provided for them by the press and broadcasting services, and for their awareness (such as it is) of the issues at stake they rely again on what is highlighted by those all-powerful means of communication.

Although all of the three main political

SPEARHEAD

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groups fighting this last election are, as has been said, mere puppets of the forces controlling the media, of these puppets it is the Tories who are by far the most preferred. It is that party and its present leader who are the most solidly committed to the internationalist, liberalist, one-world idea that is the dominant ruling orthodoxy in Britain today and of which the media are the paid clarion voice. This is why the Tories have been in office (we will not say 'in power' because the reality is that real power lies elsewhere) for the past 8 years and will be for a number of years yet.

No-one has a chance of challenging this supremacy or indeed the stranglehold of the 'Big Three' in British politics, until they have built up a machinery of mass communication which, even if not as vast in its resources as the established media, can at least be heard in a nation of 56 million. This is why it was wise for nationalist parties not to waste their time and resources fighting this election. Their day will come — but only when they have gone some way to meeting that desperate need.

What is the matter with our judges?

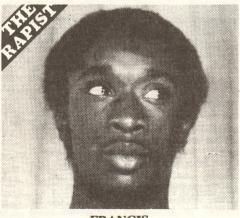
Stephen Mallin, 32 and with a long history of sexual offences, was convicted at Preston Crown Court of raping a three-year-old girl while acting as her babysitter. He was given just 3 years — a verdict which, not entirely surprisingly, was greeted with angry incredulity both by people in the court and by spokesmen for the Police Federation.

Sean Francis, 18, appeared at a London court accused of no less than 11 rapes. He received 13 years, so that with full remission he could be free when he is a mere 26. As one policewoman who was involved in his arrest said, "That's about a year for each of his 11 victims.

Francis is black and all his victims were white. According this same policewoman, there was a definite racial motive behind the attacks. This, however, did not seem to sway the court — although had the colours been reversed it might have been different.

Meanwhile it has been disclosed that the man who raped 10-year-old Kent schoolgirl Katherine Humphrey was only free because he had been given a ridiculously light sentence of 3 years for a previous rape.

We also know that Winston Silcock, the animal said to be the main ringleader of the gang that hacked PC Keith Blakelock to death



FRANCIS Inadequate sentence

at Tottenham, was out on bail facing another murder charge when the incident occurred.

We are entitled to ask: what the hell is the matter with a great many of Britain's judges? Just how is it that our courts are presided over

by such pitiful wimps?

To answer that question we would have to delve deep into the innermost recesses of our present society. The truth is that our major educational establishments have for year been turning out people like this in the manner of a production line at a Japanese auto-plant. There is a terrible malaise that is rife through the nation's 'educated' classes, and we can expect the judiciary to be infected by it just as are so many other professions, notably the journalists and the academic clergy, community.

Legislation to establish mandatory minimum sentences for crimes like rape would be a constructive step in the right direction, but this would not be getting at the

root of the problem.

The root of the problem is an all-pervasive wetness that has gripped this country, and is to be found the worst the higher up one looks in the social scale. Until we tackle this, many more innocent victims of rapes and muggings are going to enter the crime records.

A crawler gets rumbled

Deputy Labour leader Roy Hattersley has always come over to us as a particularly loathsome specimen of white racial renegade whose anxiousness to align himself with every racial minority cause is quite obviously the product of a quite cynical political ambition. It was therefore not without some satisfaction that we learned of an uncomfortable experience he had in the general election campaign in his local constituency of Sparkbrook, Birmingham.

One of his chief election aides, a Mr. Mohammed Yussouf, walked out on the campaign in disgust after he had, according to his own account, seen the light where Hattersley was concerned. Hattersley, he said, "has never really cared about the problems of the ethnic minorities...The idea that Roy Hattersley is popular with the

minorities is mistaken.'

Mr. Yussouf went on to say that "the Labour Party in Sparkbrook is Roy Hattersley. He uses the place as if her were Governor-General of India...As far as I am concerned, Mr. Hattersley is an absentee MP who has made himself available at constituency meetings just to whip the Asians into

This of course comes as no surprise. Nor is Hattersley unique. He is merely the tip of the iceberg of a whole collection of politicians whose inner multi-racialist feelings are about as genuine as a wooden half-crown but who know that they will feather their political nests by posing as the champion of immigrant interests.

Hattersley kept his seat, but with a reduced majority. He was said in the papers to be very dismayed at what had happened and was even thinking of quitting politics. The truth is that he knows he has been rumbled, that a great many of his black and brown darlings now see him for what he is: a small-time political careerist who would align himself with the Devil if it was thought to further his progress in the quest for votes and 'establishment'

approval. He is one of the most prominent of a great number of utterly contemptible figures who pollute the political scene in today's Ungreat Britain.

Another phoney

About as genuine as Roy Hattersley's 'anti-racism', it seems, was the 'racism' of Harvey Proctor, now no longer the MP for Billericay in Essex. Mr. Proctor, it will be remembered, was for a number of years the most prominent and outspoken of Tory opponents of immigration — although that is not saying an awful lot, since even he was not prepared to embrace the principle of obligatory repatriation without which no antiimmigration policy can ever make sense.

Even when he was at the height of his public acclaim as an heir to the Enoch Powell mantle, we always had our doubts about Proctor, and we wonder how on earth he ever got himself adopted as a candidate for his constituency without a veto by Central Office. Was there something, we asked ourselves, that CO knew that we did not

know?

In due course it came out that there was. Proctor became notorious for his bedroom frolics with young men, and eventually all this caught up on him — with a court conviction for 'spanking' sessions which put an end to his political career and in the process made him a total liability to the entire cause of British racial self-defence.

But this is not all. Now there have been revelations that one of Harvey's hired playthings was a young Black by the name of 'Justin', who testified that Proctor paid him £50 a time (plus taxi fare of £8) for submitting himself to spanking sessions. According to Justin, all was well with his master until he dared criticise Mrs. Thatcher. "Then," he said, "there was a terrible scene...He loved the Conservative Party and woe betide anybody who criticised it." The errant Justin received an extra thrashing for this, but the next morning all was sweetness and love again. As the two sat up in bed, Proctor spoon-fed 26-year-old Justin with tutti frutti

Perhaps all this solves the mystery of why Proctor was so long allowed to get away with being a Tory MP and having his anti-immigration speeches so regularly and comprehensively quoted in the newspapers. He was a skittle who was placed in the front row precisely because it was known he could so easily be knocked down. The choice of the moment to do this was timely - just before the recent election. How convenient that the one prominent public figure to warn about the dangers of immigration to this country was made a wholesale laughing stock before the nation and the world!

It is known that the Tory hierarchy enquires carefully into the background of all those who become adopted as party parliamentary candidates — this was shown at the 1983 election, when a man adopted by the Stockton branch was thrown out when it became known he was once a candidate for the

National Front.

Are we to suppose that when Proctor's adoption was allowed to go through Central Office was ignorant of the type of creature he was? Surely this would be stretching credulity

State of the Nation

"We have discovered a new strength and a new pride. We have fostered a new spirit of enterprise. We have risen to fresh challenges at home and abroad. Once again our economy is strong. Our industries are flourishing. Unemployment is falling." (p.3)

COMMENT: We fail to see the strength or the pride. Never in our history have people had less pride in being British. Our economy strong? In fact it is one of the weakest among the developed countries of the world. Industries flourishing? In fact, more have gone to ruin under the Tory Government of the last 8 years than ever before. Unemployment? It still stands at nearly 3 million — and this does not include those out of work but not registered as such.

Education

"Parents want schools to provide their children with the knowledge, training and character that will fit them for today's world. They want them to be taught basic educational skills. They want schools that will encourage moral values: honesty, hard work and responsibility..." (p.17)

COMMENT: All these things that the Tory Manifesto says parents want for their children they are in fact not getting. FACT: The literacy rate among schoolchildren in Britain today is lower than it was in the first decade of this century.

The Economy

"Since this Government took office in 1979, we have restored honest money and established a stable framework in which business can flourish..." (p.25)

FACT: Today's 'money' is just as dishonest as it has been for the past 3 centuries, being created out of nothing by the banks by mere book entry and no way related to the real volume of national wealth.

"Productivity has increased at a rate second only to Japan." (p.35)

COMMENT: This statement is utterly meaningless. Of course it is not difficult for an economy with an extremely low rate of productivity to increase in larger percentage terms than one with a high rate. A tramp who is down to his last 50p can, by doing an hour's work cleaning someone's car, increase his worldly wealth by 200 per-cent in that time—higher no doubt than ICI can achieve in a year!

"We will press for international rules of fair trading to be extended to international investment..." (p.39)

COMMENT: In other words, more freedom than ever before for international financiers to move their capital about the world — to the detriment of investment in British industry.

Transport

"The Conservative Government is proud of a record that has...modernised the transport system by investing over £10 billion in the nation's motorways, roads, airports, seaports and railways." (p.39) FACT: This rate of investment in motorways, roads and railways is considerably less than in the vast majority of developed countries around the world — in terms relative to population

Fisheries

"Our fishing industry supplies two-thirds of the fish we eat. It is an important source of jobs and income in many areas." (p.45) COMMENT: Yes, and this Government's

Gems from Maggie's Manifesto

BRITAIN once again has a Conservative Government — due in no small part to the high-powered propaganda of the Tory Party machine and Tory press during the election campaign in May and June. Here we pinpoint some prominent parts of the Tory Manifesto, with our own remarks following.

record in respect of Britain's fishing industry is absolutely disastrous. Go to Hull, Aberdeen, Fleetwood, Grimsby and other traditional fishing towns and see the rotting trawlers standing idly at the quaysides and ask those who used to earn their living in the industry what they think Mrs. Thatcher has done for them!

Health

"The health of the British people is steadily improving. Quite simply, we live longer. Life expectancy has increased and infant mortality has declined." (p.47) FACT: The actual health standards of the



BLUEPRINT FOR RUIN The Tory Election Manifesto

British, on average, are among the lowest in the developed world. Of course it is possible that they are slightly higher than they used to be — it would be surprising if, with the universal advancements in medical science, they were not. The proper comparison, however, is with other nations with similar access to this new science, and by this comparison the British achievement is poor. You only have to look about you and see the large number of physically sub-standard people to realise this.

Crime

"Conservatives have always believed that a fundamental purpose of government is to protect the security of the citizen under the rule of law. There can be no half-heartedness, no opting out, in the fight against crime and violence: all of us, not just the Government or the police, share a responsibility to make safer our streets and homes." (p.55)

FACT: Crime has increased at a higher rate under this Conservative Government than ever before. No half-heartedness, no opting out? What is it but half-heartedness and opting out when, on the orders of government, police are instructed not to make arrests or even stop people for questioning in certain areas where a riot might ensue? Our supposition? No, this is the testimony of no less a servant of the Tory Government than the recently retired Metropolitan Police Commissioner, Sir Kenneth Newman!

Immigration and Race Relations

"Immigration for settlement is now at its lowest level since control of Commonwealth immigration first began in 1962. Firm but fair immigration controls are essential for harmonious and improving community relations." (p.59)

COMMENT: This is simply shutting the stable door after the horse has bolted — in this case bolted in rather than bolted out. A purely marginally lower rate of immigration (assuming that the Government's claims are true) does nothing whatever to ease Britain's basic race problem. The main problem now is the huge number of babies being born to mothers of ethnic minority background. Steadily, the proportion of non-Whites in the population of this country is increasing — that is the point at issue. And this is something the Government is doing absolutely nothing to stop.

"We want to see members of the ethnic assuming positions minorities leadership alongside their fellow citizens and accepting their full share of responsibility. Racial discrimination is an injustice and can have no part in a tolerant and civilised society. We are particularly concerned about racial attacks. They require effective and sympathetic attention from the police and we have ensured that increasingly they receive it." (p.59) COMMENT: Most of this scarcely needs comment, as the words speak mostly for themselves. Positions of leadership? In other words, not content with their living amongst us, the Tories now want the ethnic minorities to start controlling us! Racial attacks? We know from what the Home Secretary has recently said that the Government is concerned with attacks by Whites upon non-Whites. But what about the vastly greater

number of attacks by non-Whites upon

Contd. on next page

Whites?

"Progress towards better community relations must be on a basis of equality. Reverse discrimination is itself an injustice and if it were to be introduced it would undermine the achievement and example of those who had risen on their merits." (p.59)

COMMENT: This is sheer humbug. The Government knows very well that reverse discrimination is taking place all the time and in many walks of life, and it has done nothing whatever about it - despite the fact that it has at its disposal laws to prevented it being operated. And is not the acceptance of special policing procedures for predominantly non-white areas an example of reverse discrimination?

"Immigrant communities have already shown that it is possible to play an active and influential role in the mainstream of British life without losing one's distinctive cultural traditions. We also want to see all ethnic minorities participating fully in British culture. They will suffer permanent disadvantage if they remain in linguistic and cultural ghettos." (p.59)

COMMENT: In the first sentence here it is implied that the Tories do not want the immigrants to lose their distinctive cultural traditions. In the very next sentence they say that they want to see the immigrants participating fully in British culture. If this isn't facing two ways at once, what on earth is?

Northern Ireland

"We are determined that terrorism will not succeed; that the vital principles of democracy will be upheld; and that the people of Northern Ireland themselves should determine their constitutional position." (p.61)

FACT: Terrorism has enjoyed a massive increase in Northern Ireland over the past year or two. COMMENT: As for the people of Northern Ireland determining their constitutional position, why were they never permitted to determine whether they would accept the Anglo-Irish Agreement, which in a number of ways fundamentally altered that constitutional position?

"We will continue to work within the province for a devolved government in which both communities can have confidence and will feel able to participate." (p.61)

COMMENT: The drafters of this Manifesto know very well that the only government for Northern Ireland in which the Republican community will ever have confidence will be a Republican Government.

The Inner Cities

"The regeneration of the inner cities must

be tackled." (p.64) COMMENT: So what have you been doing for the last 8 years?

"Great cities are built on the enterprise and vitality of the individuals who live there..." (p.65)

COMMENT: Largely true, but does this government seriously and honestly believe that the types of people it has allowed to settle in the inner cities over recent years are going to display that enterprise and vitality?

Planning and the Environment

"Conservatives are by instinct conservationists - committed to preserve all that is best of our country's past. We are determined to maintain our national heritage of countryside and architecture..." (p.66)

COMMENT: How about the first principle of preservation being the preservation of our people - the race who built the 'heritage' of which the Tories speak? That these Tories want to maintain Britain's heritage of architecture is truly touching - seeing that they have willingly allowed their friends of big business and profit-greedy local councils architectually to mutilate our town and city centres.

The Arts

"We will continue to safeguard our heritage..." (p.68)

COMMENT: Our heritage again! Does this this include the abominable 'artistic' excrescences now being promoted everywhere by the leftist-controlled 'Arts Council'? Does it include reggae music and break-dancing? Does it include the Notting Hill Carnival?

Defence

"Labour's policy is to give up Britain's independent nuclear deterrent without asking anything in return. The Labour Party would require the United States to withdraw its nuclear weapons from our soil and to close down NATO nuclear bases in Britain. It would remove Britain altogether from the protection of the United States nuclear umbrella." (p.71) COMMENT: By what stretch of imagination can American nuclear weapons stationed on British soil and Britain being under 'the protection of the United States nuclear umbrella' be classified as an 'independent' nuclear deterrent?

South Africa

"We want to see an end to apartheid in South Africa..." (p.75)

COMMENT: Why — when that means with virtual certainty a marxist government and the bringing of South Africa within the Soviet sphere of influence?

Overseas Aid

"We have the sixth largest aid programme in the western world, and the third largest in Europe, spending about £1,300 million each year..." (p.75)

COMMENT: That is nothing to be proud of. To be chucking away £1,300 million a year overseas when there are people going desperately short of many of the necessities of life here at home is simply criminal.

"Labour's proposal of selective import controls would damage developing countries, open the door to protectionism and harm those poorest countries which most need our help...The best contribution Britain can make to developing countries is to champion open trade and free enterprise abroad and to practise them at home." (p.75)

COMMENT: In other words, do not protect the jobs of British workers but put those of African and Asian workers first. Do not take measures to secure the survival of British manufacturing industries if it means doing harm to the exports of Africans or Asians. Thanks at least for telling us where the Government stands!

MORE ABOUT MURDOCH

RONALD RICKCORD follows up an article from last year about the mass media's wonder boy

AT A TIME when the news media in Britain is becoming increasingly dominated by alien or half-alien moguls like Robert Maxwell, Eddie Shah or Rupert Murdoch, 'Spearhead' performed, in March of last year, a singularly notable public service by reprinting McMahon's excellent article on Rupert Murdoch's controversial career. So far as I am aware, the appearance of the article was the first attempt by a serious British publication to provide factual information about Murdoch's decidedly murky background.

Whatever the rights or wrongs of the now famous Wapping dispute, Murdoch is, as

Spearhead rightly pointed out in its preface to the article, "a totally unsuitable person to exercise the massive control that he has over public opinion, not only in this country but around the English-speaking world." In the article, Mr. McMahon successfully demonstrated just how unsuitable Murdoch is to hold any position of responsibility. Mr. McMahon unearthed some very interesting information about Murdoch's origins, his antipodean political intrigues, his fanatical Zionism, and his other unsavoury activities.

However, one highly significant episode from Murdoch's past received no mention in the article. I refer to his strange offer to buy an article about the attack by the Israeli armed

forces on an American naval vessel, the USS Liberty, during the Six Day War between Israel and the Arabs in 1967. The article in question was written by a young journalist named Anthony Pearson, of whom more

THE LIBERTY AFFAIR

Before discussing Murdoch's involvement with the Liberty affair, it is perhaps necessary to remind readers of what I wrote in my own article on the incident, 'Scuppering Uncle Sam', in last month's Spearhead.

Contd. overleaf

MORE ABOUT MURDOCH

(Contd. from prev. page)

The Liberty, as I wrote, was an American freighter assigned to communications and intelligence-gathering duties in the Mediterranean just north of the Gaza Strip. On the 2nd June 1967 she was attacked by Israeli forces in a manner which indicated a determined intention to sink her. She escaped, however, though not without considerable damage and the deaths of 34 of her crew and injuries to 171 more. The motive of the attack was not clear but it is very probable that the Israelis suspected that the Liberty had acquired evidence that they, and not the Arabs, had started the war.

The Israelis later concocted a number of stories in an effort to explain the attack, none of them in the least bit convincing. Nevertheless, the US Government reacted extremely tamely to the affair and did everything possible to induce the world to forget it, even going to the extent of denying the survivors of the attack and the dependents of the victims the compensation to which, under normal regulations, they would have been entitled.

MURDOCH STEPS IN

No doubt the reader will be wondering what all this has to do with Rupert Murdoch, but some knowledge of the background is necessary for an understanding of the significance of the article by Anthony Pearson that Murdoch was so keen to buy.

All the events that I recounted in last month's issue and have repeated here can be verified by reading a small book entitled Conspiracy of Silence, written by Anthony Pearson and published by Quartet Books in 1978. In the remainder of this article I shall quote extensively from this book to explain how Mr. Pearson came to be involved with Rupert Murdoch, and to give his forthright views of the Israelis resulting from their attack on the Liberty.

Some eight years after the attack, the international pornographer Bob Guccione, of Penthouse fame (or infamy), eager as ever to obtain a story with which to titillate his readers, commissioned Mr. Pearson, a capable but at that time improvident journalist, to write an article about the attack and its aftermath. Pearson gratefully accepted the commission, but some time later he was astounded to receive an offer from Murdoch, who wanted to buy the article from him for \$20,000. Recalling this offer in his book, Pearson wrote:-

"It sounded fantastic, only *Liberty* was not worth \$20,000 at that stage and certainly not to Rupert Murdoch. Why should he suddenly appear in the affair anyway?

Why indeed? We will come to that later. For the moment let Mr. Pearson continue:-

"The Australian newspaper proprietor had been named 'the dirty digger' by the satirical magazine Private Eye because of the penchant for scandal of



MURDOCH
Did he seek to suppress article?

his two principal London mass-circulation papers, the daily Sun and the Sunday News of the World, which specialised in searching out banal and sensational stories either wholly composed of, or liberally laced with, sex. I did not see the dirty digger as a political animal, taking a stand for the rights of a couple of hundred Americans who had been shot up eight years before because their government had made a nonsense of its devious foreign-policy planning."

Pearson's failure to realise just what sort of 'political animal' Murdoch really is, and his inability to comprehend Murdoch's motive in offering such a large sum to buy his article is all the more surprising since Conspiracy of Silence clearly shows that in other respects he is a perceptive and experienced journalist who fully understands what makes Zionists tick:-

"The problem of Israel and the Arab world could only be solved by the total military defeat of the Israelis. Since the Israelis had plutonium and would never allow defeat, preferring to indulge in a sort of one-sided suicide pact in which they blew everyone to pieces including themselves, the Americans and the Russians had to play the game carefully around them to avoid World War III. They never forgot that 'holocaust', together with 'Diaspora', was the word best guaranteed to charge the emotional spirit of Jews everywhere. Nuclear war was probably more meaningful to Jews than to any other people. It held religious significance.'

SUPPRESSION

So why was Rupert Murdoch so anxious to acquire Anthony Pearson's article? Anyone who is even only cursorily acquainted with the history of Zionism and of the Israeli-Arab conflict should have no difficulty in hazarding a guess: I suggest that Murdoch wanted to obtain the article in order to suppress it. If Dan McMahon is correct in asserting that Murdoch is a half-Jew and ardent Zionist, it is fairly obvious why he and his confreres should have been so eager to ensure that the article did not see the light of day: they would not have wanted the Govim to learn to what lengths the terrorist state of Israel was, and is, prepared to go in order to consolidate its foothold in the Middle East and to subjugate the Arabs whose territory they have usurped. Some readers may think that this theory sounds rather fanciful, but can anyone suggest a more plausible reason for Murdoch's attempt to get Pearson's article?

In conclusion, I would like to express some sympathy with Miss Brenda Dean and her colleagues in the printing unions. Although I would never have wished to become embroiled in the Wapping dispute, I never believed that Miss Dean and Co. had a chance of getting the better of Rupert Murdoch. In taking on the dirty digger (or Red Rupert, as Mr. McMahon prefers to call him), they were quite out of their depth.



THE LIBERTY
The Captain points out damage caused by the Israeli raid

RACIAL TRUTHS ANNIHILATE NIHILIST LIES

An American view

ONE OF THE MOST sick-minded and nihilistic misinterpretations of race that has ever been written is in a book by one Guy Murchie, entitled 'The Seven Mysteries of Life' (subtitled 'An Exploration in Science and Philosophy'), published by Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston, in 1981.

reasonably be called philosophy, and a smaller portion science. But the portion related to race is totally unscientific, indeed grosly anti-scientific. Murchie copyrighted his book in 1978. Carlton S. Coon's monumental work on race, The Origin of Races, was first published in 1962. That means that Murchie had 16 long years to learn something of the origin of the races, but from reading his book no-one would know that Coon ever lived. Coon's name is not even mentioned in the index, yet Murchie pretends to be writing with authority on the subject of race. If his interpretation of race belonged to him alone, it would not be worth the time it takes me here to annihilate his insane arguments, but the truth of the matter is that his interpretation of race is basically upheld by the whole horde of nihilists who fanatically oppose a world view of life based on racial values. In annihilating Murchie's ideas we annihilate the ideas of all nihilists who oppose racial values.

On page 349 of his book Murchie writes:

"...an old nomad living in Persia has eight sons who, one after the other, set off to seek their fortunes, each in a differnt direction. One son goes to China and predictably marries a Chinese girl and has half-Chinese children who are first cousins of the half-black offspring of the son who went to Africa and married a black grl on the Upper Nile, all of this new generation of course being grandchildren of the old nomad of Persia. Later the African son's descendants naturally increase in number with succeeding generations until they include practically everyone in his tribe along about the thirteenth generation (even assuming only two children per family). By that time his genes must inevitably have spread (through raids, wars, migrations and resulting infractions of endogamic law) to various other tribes, whose members in turn all become descendants of the old nomad by about the twenty-fifth generation. And after that his spreading waves of progeny must irregularly continue to advance tribe by tribe all over Africa and beyond, relentlessly filling up each endogamous pocket until by the fiftieth generation it can hardly help but include everyone.'

Here is more from this expert on misinterpretation on page 351:-

"Even such a well publicised lineage as the Mayflower descendants from Plymouth, Massachusetts, can hardly begin to track down their relatives of 350 years, and a little knowledge of early Yankee seamanship and fecundity in the tea and slave ports of Asia and Africa, plus

mathematics, will show that their ranks probably now include more than a million Chinese in China, a comparable number of Hindus in India and Blacks in Africa — not to mention several million Americans and Europeans."

Here is more nonsense on pages 356 and 357:-

"And the fact means that your ancestors, whoever you are, include not only some Blacks, some you are, include not only some Blacks, some Chinese and some Arabs, but all the Blacks, Chinese, Arabs, Malays, Latins, Eskimos and every other possible ancestor who lived on earth around AD 700."

Then the liar's nonsense continues with this grand finale:;

"It is virtually certain therefore that you are a direct descendant of Muhammed and every fertile predecessor of his, including Krishna, Confucius, Abraham, Buddha, Caesar, Ishmael and Judas Iscariot. Of course you also must be descended from millions who have lived since Muhammed, inevitably including kings and criminals, but the earlier they lived the more surely you are their descendant."

RIDICULOUS

Putting the world view of the anti-racists in words spawned by a mentally ill person such as Murchie makes it so ridiculous, and so utterly untrue, that it can easily be annihilated. Let us take the son of the old nomad of Persia who went to Africa and married a black girl on the Upper Nile. One half of the old nomad's genes are in this son; one quarter of his genes are in each of his grandchildren that is the children of the son and the black girl; one eighth of his genes are in each of the great grandchildren; one sixteenth are in each of the great grandchildren; and one thirty secondth are in each of the great great great grandchildren. By that time, however, the genes from the gene pool that created the old nomad are almost completely gone.

The immortality, or everlastingness, of the genes, and their power to reproduce the same physical and mental characteristics. generation after generation, lies not in the genetic make-up of the individual, but in the whole gene pool from which his genes spring. If the old nomad was a normal human being of any race, he would not recognise as his kin what Murchie calls his 'descendants' because they would be of a totally different race, and have no characteristics in common with him whatsoever, and he would have considered as lost the eight sons who wandered alone into foreign lands and married women of foreign races.

The whole idea of eight sons marrying into eight different races probably has never happened in the whole history of Man. Sir Arthur Keith tells us in his A New Theory of Human Evolution that prehistoric peoples remained in their own breeding and hunting grounds and mated with their own kin, and that moves over great distances were only by the whole folk and usually took place over hundreds, and sometimes thousands, of years. If we assume that the old nomad and his son had white skins, four generations of breeding with Blacks would have totally eliminated the genes producing white skin, and from that generation onward all of their descendants would have black skins. The black gene pool would have totally taken over the breeding.

RULES OF BREEDING

The Charolais is a fine breed of white cattle of France but probably descended from the ancient aurochs of Northern Europe. The breeders of the Charolais have interbred them with White Face Herefords, Black Angus and other breeds. According to the official rules of the Charolais breeders, if a bull or cow has no more than one sixteenth non-Charolais genes it is considered to be pure-bred Charolais. These breeders follow this schedule: For the first breeding they mate a pure-bred Charolais bull with a Black Angus or other breed of cow; the offspring is one half Charolais. For the second breeding they mate a pure-bred Charolais bull with a half-breed Charolais cow; the offspring of three quarters Charolais. For the third breeding they mate a pure-bred Charolais bull with a three-quarter Charolais cow; the offspring is seven eighths Charolais. For the fourth breeding they mate a pure-bred Charolais bull with a seven-eighths Charolais cow; the offspring is fifteen sixteenths Charolais, which they consider to be a genetically purebred Charolais bull or cow. The reason for this is that four generations of breeding with one of the mates always being pure-bred Charolais totally eliminates the genes producing non-Charolais physical and mental characteristics. The fifteen-sixteenths bull or cow breeds just as pure morphologically as the sixteen-sixteenths bull or cow. Genetic laws that apply to cattle also apply to humans.

On page 358 of Murchie's book is a diagram that shows the Neanderthals as being forbears of the European race. During the Ice Ages the proto-Europeans, ancestrally or collaterally kindred to the Cro-Magnons, were in constant warfare with the Neanderthals. Since they lived in the same breeding and hunting ground, there could have been on

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RACIAL TRUTHS ANNIHILATE NIHILIST LIES

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a very small scale rapings of proto-European women by Neanderthals, but if the offspring of these rapings survived at all they probably were exterminated by the proto-Europeans, along with all of the Neanderthals in Europe, about 40,000 years ago. Proto-Europeans and Neanderthals were but carrying on the eternal struggle between competitive groups which dominated the lives of their primate forbears. Under close observation on chimpanzee reservations in Africa, two tribes have been known to carry on planned warfare for as long as four years, until one tribe had totally killed off the other. Chimpanzees show deep affection but only to the members of their own tribe, never to outsiders. A feeling of affection for those outside the kinship or folk is strictly a modern development. It was unknown in primal times.

UTTER NONSENSE

When Murchie writes about what he calls kinship existing in the 13th, 25th and 50th generation of humans descended from the old nomad, or from Muhammed, he is writing utter nonsense, because the genes that create an individual spring from the combined gene pool of his sixteen great great grandparents. If for four generations the forbears of an individual have been created from the genes of one racial stock only, that individual is genetically of pure race — in so far as the morphology involved in human breeding is concerned, regardless of the racial stock in earlier generations. The so-called kinship that Murchie so glowingly writes about is in a very real sense abstractive and utterly divorced from the realities involved in human breeding. Obviously, if we are gong to think in terms of extending the concept of meaningful

kinship beyond the bounds of one's own race, we are kin not only to all Asiatics and Africans but to all chimpanzees, gorillas, baboons, cattle, goats, sheep, swine, horses, dogs, cats, — indeed not only to all animals but to all living beings on earth!

That, however, is not at all the kind of kinship in which Murchie wants you and your children to believe. He is not really concerned with non-human animals. He is only concerned with the human animal. His objective, along with all the other egalitarian nihilists, is to convince the White Man that he is just one of many human varieties, no better in any way than any of the others — Bushman or Pygmy; that he is kin to all of them, descended from the same forbears; that black, brown or yellow skin is really more aesthetically more desirable than white skin; and that he is a fanatical, hate-filled racist unless his heart beats with joy when his daughter tells him that she plans to marry the Black who is the star player on the football team of the school she attends. Since many of the leading nihilists are ill-bred mongrels of one kind or another, it is typical of them to get a thrill, born of their own inferiority complex, when they vent their hatred on well-bred groups like the descendants of the Mayflower, the American Revolutionary War soldiers and all other genealogical groups that take pride in their ancestry.

THREE DISTINCT RACES

It is long past the time for us to tell Murchie, and all of his mentally ill kind, that Man is not one monolithic organism with one gene pool but is composed of three separate organisms, gene pools and races as follows:

(1) The European or White Race that crossed the threshold from Underman to Man during the harrowing and winnowing cold of the Ice

Ages, in our primeval fatherland of Northern

Europe, with its mild and low-angled sun,

roughly 250,000 years ago.

(2) The Asiatic or Yellow Race that crossed the threshold from Underman to man, also during the Ice Ages, in Northern Asia roughly 150,000 years ago.

(3) The African or Black Race that crossed the threshold from Underman to Man in the hot and tropical areas of Africa, with its intensely hot and high-angled sun, roughly 40,000 years ago.

Each of these three separate organisms that we call a race has a separate set of human forbears. This means that a member of any one of these three races has no human forbears in comon with members of either of the other two races.

As Carlton Coon writes on page 5 of his monumental work The Origin of Races:-

"All the evidence available from comparative linguistics and prehistoric archaeology indicates a long separation of the principal races of Man. This is contrary to the current idea (1962) that Homo Sapiens arose in Europe or Western Asia about 35,000 BC, fully formed as from the brow of Zeus, and spread over the world at that time, while the archaic species of men who had preceded him became conveniently extinct. Actually the Homines Sapientes in question were morphologically the same as living Europeans. To derive an Australian aborigine or a Congo Pygmy from European ancestors of modern type would be biologically impossible."

Therefore, the concept of 'humanity' in the sense that all three of the races are descended from the same human forbears is a total non-existing abstraction and utter nonsense, and it is a concept that can only be upheld by either the most primitive snake-handling type of ignorant and superstitious peoples, or by those evil-minded creatures who are deliberately plotting and planning to destroy, not only the White race, but all of the races by the crime against nature of racial inter-breeding.

We may say that lions, tigers and panthers are all cats, but their value and significance lie

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THE THREE RACES

Left: Nordic man from Europe; centre: Asiatic woman from Thailand; right: Negro woman from the Sudan

in the fact of their separateness as different races of cats. We say that Europeans, Asiatics and Africans are all humans, but their value and significance lie in the fact of their separateness as different races of humans. It is biologically possible for the different races of cats to inter-breed — lion with tiger, tiger with panther or panther with lion — just as it is biologically possible for the different races of humans to inter-breed, but the wretch who advocates racial interbreeding for humans is even more criminally insane than the stupid fool who would dare advocate racial intebreeding for cats. A higher evolutionary stage has never been attained by an form of racial inter-breeding.

It is not only possible but highly probable that the forbears of Europeans had light skins, blue eyes and blond hair, and those of Africans black skins, black eyes and black

either had crossed the threshold from Underman to Man. The races are truly ages upon ages older than Man.

Each of the three races is humanly

unrelated to the other two. Whatever relationship there is between the races must go back. millions of years ago, long before the beginning of the Ice Ages, to the very primitive prehuman primates from which all three of the races evolved. To survive in this mad world we must think, not in human terms, but in racial terms. We were white before we were

INTER-BREEDING ALWAYS BAD

The total history of man powerfully attests to the fact that racial inter-breeding has always and inevitably led biologically and culturally downward. Moreover, mongrels tend to breed back to their ancestral stocks, and no healthy and upward-evolving subspecies has ever been created by racial interbreeding.

This writing is addressed primarily to and long ages before members of the European or White Race, but the supreme objective of the leading antiracial nihilists is not only the extermination of the genes of the White Race by racial inter-breeding but, along with this, also the destruction of the genes of the Asiatic and African races. These two races should also be concerned with their evolutionary futures. They will never evolve upward to a higher biological stage as mongrels, but only as relatively pure races, breeding for leadership always from the best elements eugenically that their gene pools have produced. In this sense, racialists from all three races form an ideological solid front against the nihilists who uphold racial inter-breeding.

Within the whole European-descended White Race, the nihilist view of racial integration must be utterly annihilated and replaced by one that upholds as the highest responsibility of the total society the safeguarding of our racial gene pool from the crime aginst nature of racial inter-breeding.

This article was sent to us by a friend in Alabama, USA, who is known as a veteran fighter for the cause of the White Man in his part of the world. For personal reasons he has asked that the article be published anonymously.

One passage on this page has been deleted to avoid prosecution by the race police.

LEICESTER GETS AN ASIAN LORD MAYOR

JOHN PEACOCK reports

ON THURSDAY, May 21st 1987, Mr. Gordan Parmar was sworn in as Lord Mayor of Leicester. This particular ancient timehonoured ceremony will go down in history.

'A coming of age' for this multi-racial city was the opinion of The Leicester Mercury. "An historic occasion for the city" was how it was described by Councillor Mr. Peter Soulsby. "Now we're truly a multi-racial city," boasted the newly appointed Lord Mayor himself.

Strangely, it is reported of Mr. Parmar that "his roots are firmly planted in Leicester and the county, where several close family members live." Strange, because Mr. Parmar's roots are in fact in India, where he was born in Gujerat state. More strange, because the argument of the scheming multi-racialists is that citizenship and nationality are determined by place of birth.

Shortly before, on May 2nd, at a public rally in Leicester, I challenged Mr. Parmar to be sincere about "representing everyone," as he claimed he did. I said: "I will believe this when Mr. Parmar says that his job will be to represent everyone regardless of creed, colour or political leaning — if he campaigns to get the local ban against British Nationalists lifted."

For the multi-racialists of the media, and of the three main political party groupings, Mr. Parmar's appointment is quite a coup. All Leicester's leading politicians joined together in applauding this insult to the ordinary British people of the city as Mr. Parmar was sworn in as Lord Mayor.

Even as the new Lord Mayor said: "I can truthfully say that I am confident of Leicester's future as a city of people of diverse nationalities, religions and cultures, there was rioting in Northern India as Hindus and Muslims fought against each other and the police.

It is reported that Leicester is "showing the world how people from different countries can live together in peace and goodwill." And yet there now exists in Leicester a campaign aimed at monitoring 'racial attacks and racial harrassment' (only those by Whites against non-Whites

of course). If Leicester is the model of racial harmony, why was this campaign found necessary?

There is only one sure way to create a world in which there is racial harmony, and that is the nationalist way. Nationalists accept that there are inherent racial differences in mankind. Everywhere in the world where unassimilable minorities have been imposed upon the host majority, together with their cultures, religions and styles of business, there has been bitterness and conflict. The multi-racial experiment has been proved never to work. It isn't working right now in Fiji, as the news from that part of the world makes clear. And - despite the media claims to the contrary — it isn't so successful in



ASIAN COLONISATION OF LEICESTER New Mayor Parmar gets congratulated at swearing-in ceremony

THE BERLIN OLYMPICS RECONSIDERED

GEORGE POMFRET sorts out myths and facts

LAST MONTH Channel Four TV viewers were treated to a rehash of the old and hoary tale about Jesse Owens, the American Negro who, in winning four gold medals at the 1936 Berlin Olympics, shattered the Nazi 'myth' of Aryan supremacy and greatly displeased Hitler. In fact all this is pure fable — Nazi race theories never included the idea that Aryans were superior in all forms of athletic competition. And as for Hitler, the true fact is that on the one occasion on which he came within sight of Owens he gave him a friendly wave of acknowledgement. To get the record concerning the Berlin Games in perspective, we are reprinting here an article that first appeared in INSTAURATION magazine, Box 76, Cape Canaveral, Florida 32920, U.S.A.

HE 1936 OLYMPICS, popularly known as the "Nazi Olympics," are supposed to have disproved once and for all the Aryan Myth. This most infamous of all racist myths, so the story runs, was discredited primarily by the amazing athletic feats of one man, Jesse Owens, who dominated the Games and personally humiliated Hitler.

Owens's performance was, in fact, extraordinary. He won a total of four gold medals -- the 100- and 200-meter races, the broad jump and a shared team medal in the 400-meter relay.

There were only a handful of other blacks on the U.S. Men's Track and Field Team, but their contributions were disproportionate to their numbers. Out of 23 events, America won 12 gold medals. Of this total, blacks won six and shared in a seventh. They also acquired three second-place silver and two bronze third-place medals. (A Canadian black also won a bronze.)

A very impressive record. But does it really shatter any once-sacred cows about race? To answer this question, let's delve a bit deeper into the records. We might find one or two items the propagandists -- the real myth-makers -- torgot to tell us about the 1936 Olympics.

POOR PREVIOUS RECORD

The Germans' performance at the 1932 Los Angeles Olympics had been disastrous -- only three gold medals. The U.S., on the other hand, had won 47 events and finished first in the overall standings.

Berlin had been named as the site of the XI Olympics as early as 1931. But when Hitler came to power in 1933, the Olympic issue became front-page news inside and outside Germany. Elements within the Nazi Party, isolationists of a kind, believed that races should never, never mix, even athletically. Also the debacle at Los Angeles was fresh in just about every German mind. Some Nazi ideologues feared that theories which were basic to the Third Reich might be discredited before they were given the opportunity to get off the ground.



OWENS

He was the innocent tool of the Berlin Games myth-makers

It took Hitler over a year to make up his mind about Germany hosting the 1936 Games. Once he reached his decision, the project received his full support. A nation-wide scouting system was instituted to find high-caliber athletes. After extensive trials, the best of the best underwent a solid year of training under government coaches. Despite the official backing, however, the "amateur ideal" was still honored. Athletes paid their own way and received no material awards, either before or after the Games.

The IV Winter Olympics, also awarded to Germany, took place at Garmisch-Partenkirchen in February 1936. The 1932 Winter Games had been held in Lake Placid (NY). As at Los Angeles, the home team won the most gold medals. The German results at Lake Placid added up to a paltry two bronzes.

It was a different story in the Bavarian Alps. Paced by Christal Cranze, Germans excelled on the ski slopes, winning the first gold medals ever awarded in alpine racing by taking both the men's and women's downhill and slalom (combined points). Germans also placed first in the pairs figure skating and second in the total medal count behind the powerful team from Norway. The U.S. (one gold, three, bronze) finished eighth.

The Summer Games began in Berlin on August 1. Once again the American men's team won most of the track and field medals. It is at this point, however, that the anti-Nazi mythmakers begin to take over.

The Germans excelled in the "weight events," winning three out of four. In the shot put, formerly dominated by the U.S., which had taken eight of the previous nine golds, Germans finished first and third. In the hammer and javelin, two events in which Germany had never before placed, they acquired two golds and a silver.

Nor were the men the only stars. Women's Track and Field was relatively new to the Olympics. In Los Angeles

the German women had done no better than the men. It was different in Berlin.

Although American women won two of the six events, they had no second- or third-place finishers. Once again, Germans dominated the "weight events," taking first and third in the discus and first and second in the javelin. Other German women collected a silver and two bronzes. A final tabulation showed that Germany finished first in the overall Women's Track and Field standings. The U.S. came in second.

VARIETY OF SPORTS

Although track and field usually receives the most attention, the 1936 Olympics had 19 other sports: basketball, boxing, cycling, diving, equitation, fencing, field hockey, field handball, gymnastics, kayaking, modern pentathlon, polo, rowing, shooting, soccer, swimming, weight lifting, wrestling and yachting. German athletes did remarkably well in many of them, occasionally overshadowing the competition.

Previous German achievements in Olympic boxing had been mediocre. This time around Germans not only won more medals than in all the past Olympics combined; they also won more medals than any other team in Berlin. The best the U.S. could do was one bronze.

If the Germans' proficiency in boxing was something of a surprise, their success in two of their traditionally strong sports, gymnastics and equitation, was expected -- but not to the extent of taking first place in the overall team competition in horsemanship and all six individual events: show jumping, team show jumping, dressage, team dressage, three-day individual and three-day team. The U.S. managed to garner one silver.

Meanwhile, German gymnasts were equaling their performances in previous Olympiads. Individually, they brought home the gold in five of eight events, while earning the overall men's and women's team title. The U.S. score was zero.

German marksmen burned up the shooting competition, winning more medals (three) than any other country. Zero medals for the U.S.

And it was not just on dry land the Germans were successful. Out on the River Spee they won five of seven rowing events, compared to America's one gold and one bronze.

Perhaps the best individual performance of those wet two weeks over half a century ago was turned in by Luftwaffe pilot Gotthard Handrick. In winning the modern pentathlon, Handrick ended the Swedish victory string. This event, unlike the track and field decathlon, requires a multiplicity of athletic skills. In 1936 the five-day competition consisted of a cross-country obstacle race on horseback, fencing, target pistol shooting, swimming and a cross-country foot race. While Owens starred in the latter, Handrick excelled in the other events.

GERMANS LED MEDAL TALLY

When the dust of the IX Olympiad finally settled in the middle of August, the scoreboard read:

Germany: 33 gold, 26 silver, 30 bronze. U.S.: 24 gold, 20 silver, 12 bronze.

Using the standard formula of awarding three points for a first, two for a second and one for a third, Germany finished with 181 points, the U.S. with 124. Combining both Winter and Summer medal counts, Germany again finished in front of the second-place U.S. It was the first time since the beginning of the Winter games that the U.S. had not finished first.

From practically nowhere in 1932 to the overall Olympic championship in 1936 is an astonishing turnabout in the annals of the Games. Yet the story is hardly known. Why?

For one thing, the American reaction was one of disbelief. It was a stupendous upset of the favored American team. Then there was the controversy over Nazi athletic policy, one aspect of which barred Jews from the German team. Pressure from the International Olympic Committee, however, had forced Germany to add a part-Jewish ex-Olympian to its contingent. She was Helen Mayer, who in 1936 was living in the U.S. Eight years earlier in Amsterdam, she had won a gold medal in fencing for Germany. In Berlin she duelled her way to a silver. On the victor's platform, after receiving her medal, she gave Hitler a Nazi salute.

Finally, the great mob of liberals and leftists who balk at any and all forms of racism, except of course minority racism, were not interested in the "German Olympics." All they wanted to do was distort and downplay the Nazi victory. By concentrating on Hitler's refusal to shake hands with Jesse Owens, a media concoction later denied by Owens himself, and by emphasizing the Jewish angle, they more or less succeeded.

Some skeptics say the home team always performs well in the Olympics. Was 1936 exceptional?

To find the answer, we must look to the Eastern bloc, where what happened in the IX Olympiad is being reaffirmed on a quadrennial basis. As Romania produces its champion pubescent gymnasts and Czechoslovakia grooms its unbeatable tennis stars, the Communist giant, the Soviet Union, picks up more medals than anyone else in Olympic competition. A triumph for socialism? Not really.

Why is it that East Germany (population 17 million), with its ideologically motivated, state-trained, pampered professional athletes, consistently finishes so close to its chief challenger, the ideologically motivated, state-trained, pampered professional athletes from the USSR (population 277 million)?

Does anyone believe that the East Germans, even with their scientific selection and training methods and sports medicine programs, can keep any athletic secrets from Mother Russia? No, the difference is in the raw material: a small preponderantly Nordic East Germany versus the huge, preponderantly Alpine Soviet Union.

BLACK WEAKNESSES IN MANY SPORTS

As for the increasing athletic prowess of blacks in recent years, it is true that they have branched out into other Olympics sports than track and field, mainly boxing and basketball. But this still leaves some 25 different sports in which they are conspicuous by their absence. The non-presence is even more noticeable in the Winter Olympics (eight sports).

Contd. on page 20

WHY THEY WON'T RESTORE HANGING

Parliament is afraid of being overruled by the European Court, says NOEL A. HUNT

"The world is governed by very different personages to what is imagined by those who are not behind the scenes."

Benjamin Disraeli

THERE HAS recently been a renewed agitation for the re-introduction of the death penalty, culminating in a parliamentary debate followed by an MPs' vote. The attempt to bring back capital punishment was again defeated. There will undoubtedly be further similar attempts in the future, which in their turn will likewise be defeated.

The British National Party is committed to bringing back both the death penalty and corporal punishment. It is the only party to have incorporated into its policy these two things which the British public very much wishes to see on the statute books. Politicians, clerics, media personalities and the chattering and scribbling classes in general love these debates. They are a wonderful opportunity for free publicity, with the airing of the most acceptable and humanitarian views. Hypocritical cant and the emission of vast clouds of hot air are the order of the day, all sedulously reported by an attentive communications media, all showing the speaker's impeccable liberal views, his social conscience, his caring commitment and of course his sensitivity. Eventually, as a result of all this hullaballo there is yet another parliamentary debate. The motion is defeated and the men of goodwill are able to congratulate themselves and their readers on yet another victory for right thinking and social progress. What has in fact happened is something quite different: the attention of the electorate has once again been diverted from the real issue.

Some members of the public have spotted that the strength of the liberal consensus is such that any attempt to use parliament to bring back the death penalty is doomed to failure as matters stand. Accordingly, they have often pressed the government to agree to hold a referendum on the subject and then to bind itself to give effect to the result of that referendum.

This proposal is rejected on vague and lofty grounds of 'principle'. The principle involved is carefully left unstated, the issue being clouded, as usual, by high-minded drivel. Awkward questioners who ask why no principle prevented the holding of a referendum once Britain was safely in the Common Market are ignored. Yet the question is a valid one.

Nonetheless, it remains a fact known to all politicians — though never admitted — that at least 80 per-cent of the electorate would dearly love to see both capital and corporal punishment restored in Britain. Since all professional politicians know this, why is the BNP the only political party that has included such a certain vote-getter in its policy?

There is a reason for this abstention by the other parties, and a perfectly logical one. But it has nothing at all to do with the sacredness of human life, the barbarity of hanging or any other of the noble and high-minded reasons advanced by politicians for opposing the execution of murderers. What these politicians urge are merely the **ostensible** reasons, providing a convenient smokescreen. The real reason for opposing the return of the death penalty is quite different.

EUROPEAN COURT RULING

The real reason is that the European Court would not allow the death penalty — or for that matter corporal punishment — to be introduced back in Britain. This Court has ruled that both penalties are contrary to some notional human 'right', whatever that may be. Britain has by treaty subjected herself to the jurisdiction of the European Court. That Court's judgements override those of the Queen's Courts. Politicians and Eurocrats are well aware of this fact. They also know that a large and growing majority of the voters grow daily more determined to get out of Europe as soon as they can.

Thus the politicians, and those others benefitting from European membership, do not think it expedient that the British voter should learn that parliament is no longer supreme in Britain, and that the Queen's Courts must now follow the judgements of the European Court. The public has been told often enough, lately and most notably by Lord Denning, that this is the position. But it does not seem yet to have realised the implications of what has happened. Nor has any political party made a determined effort to tell the electorate what has happend. Efforts by individual members of parliament have been largely ignored by the media.

From the point of view of the one-worlders who behind the scenes dominate our political parties, it would be stupid to scare the sheep who are obediently flocking more and more deeply into the fold of the European Community, from whence they can later be driven to form part of the planned 'world

community'. As a result of this determined silence, the public remains largely unaware that the British parliament no longer rules Britain.

For this reason, the voter is never allowed to suspect that it is quite useless for parliament to pass legislation bringing back the death penalty; such legislation would at once be overruled by the European Court. Far better, they think, to let Boobus Britannicus believe that his desires are thwarted by the adherence to the humanitarian principle and the noble high-mindedness of the politicians and opinion-formers.

The BNP is committed to getting Britain out of Europe as soon as possible. There are sound reasons for this policy, one being that such a disparate bunch of nations as those populating the European continent can never function satisfactorily as a political union without one dominating the others. No argument can be stronger than one based on race, however unfashionable it may be to say so.

To the perfectly valid arguments in the BNP manifesto, we can now add another: that only by leaving the EEC can Britain bring back the death penalty.

So long as the European Court can override legislation in our parliament, there is no point in holding debates or referenda on capital punishment. They serve merely to obscure the real issue, and to ensure that the electorate does not appreciate what is going on.

Thus it seems clear that when campaigning for the return of the death penalty BNP members should invariably stress that this desirable state of affairs can only come about when we have got out of Europe. Here is what looks like a useful means of killing two political birds with one stone: press for withdrawal from Europe because, apart from all the other arguments in favour of such a course, only in this way can the death penalty be brought back.

To have any chance of succeeding, the campaign for the death penalty thus falls into two parts: first, a successful campaign to get Britain out of Europe, then a second campaign for a binding referendum on the death penalty, followed by the necessary legislation.

The political forces allied against the BNP are of course formidable. But here is a chance to link two issues both close to the hearts of the electorate: withdrawal from Europe followed by the restoration of the death penalty.

THE GENERAL ELECTION: WHY I ACTED AS I DID

JOHN TYNDALL explains

FROM ITS INCEPTION, the British National Party has, as everyone should know, been one combining the principle of personal leadership with rigorous internal discipline. In the eyes of some, this gives to the head of the party a 'carte blanche' to do exactly as he fancies and to make decisions upon any passing personal whim. The reality, however, is very different.

Precisely because our party constitution bestows upon me the power to decide all party matters, it also imposes upon me the responsibility for all decisions made — should any such decisions be controversial, I cannot go running to hide underneath the skirts of a committee but must 'take the can' before all and sundry for what has been done. In effect, this results in major decisions being made, not flippantly, but with much more care and deliberation, and, when it is possible, full consultation with others whose opinions I have to respect.

I was reminded of these truths over the past two months when I had to make two decisions that were among the most difficult I have ever had to make. The first was that our party would not, contrary to previous expectations and plans, fight any seats at the general election. The second was to expel from the party two leading officers who acted in defiance of my ruling on this. In order to dispel any misunderstandings among party members over these matters, I am here giving a full explanation of events.

STRATEGY

Shortly after the previous general election in 1983, I convened a meeting of party officers to discuss the formulation of a party strategy for the next election, i.e. the one that was to take place — although we did not then know it — last month.

The basis for this discussion was a set of facts which was as follows:-

- (1) In order to contest 50-plus seats in 1983 and qualify for broadcasting time, the party had spread its resources extremely thinly over the country and had not been able to give the great majority of its candidates any substantial campagn backing at local level. As a result of this, combined with a generally unfavourable political climate, the votes achieved by our candidates were mostly extremely low.
- (2) The enquiries we received as a result of our TV and radio broadcasts, while very welcome and helpful to the party, did not bring in nearly as many actual new recruits as some had hoped they would do the

conversion rate of interested enquirers into actual signed-up members being in very small proportion.

(3) At the next election it could be expected that the deposit for each candidate would be raised to £500.

The first question upon which we had to deliberate in consequence of these facts was that of the likely profitability of fighting 50-plus seats at the next election. In 1983 we had to weigh the new recruits gained against the expenditure of slightly over £8,000 in lost deposits. At the next election we would have to weigh any such gains against the expenditure of no less than £25,000 in lost deposits. As part of this, we had to consider whether there could be alternative ways of investing a similar amount of money but with more beneficial results.

My own opinion as to a possible reason why the influx of new members after the 1983 was not greater was that many might have been put off by the low votes obtained by our candidates. Whether or not this theory was correct, I was certainly of the opinion that it would not be worth spending £25,000 in deposits in the next election if we could not at the same time greatly improve the size of our votes.

In the discussion on this, there was not complete unanimity; one or two of my colleagues were of the view that we should be prepared to spend that money and get the broadcasting time, regardless of what votes we could win.

My own view — and I think this was supported by the majority, although my decision on the matter was made irrespective of this — was that we must first place ourselves in a position to fight at least 20 seats with adequate back-up: a properly printed election address posted to every home in the constituencies concerned, plus the establishment of a strong local presence in each area — before we extended our target to 50 seats in total.

The reasoning behind this was that there was every possibility that we could win as many new members by our local campaign literature in 20-25 seats and by the gaining of substantially better votes as we did through the two broadcasts obtained in 1983.

Naturally, if we could fight at least 20 seats with a proper campaign in each seat and fight a total of 50 seats altogether and win broadcasting time, this would be getting the best of both worlds. However, bearing in mind the new cost of deposits, this would be an extremely difficult thing to achieve in 5 years, let alone 4 (if the election was called after that

interval).

It goes without saying that this strategy had to be a flexible one, as our ability to fulfil our targets in respect of it would depend on all sorts of factors which could not be predicted with certainty when the strategy was first adopted. How would the party grow and develop in the coming 4-5 years? Would we be the beneficiaries of some unexpected financial windfall which could completely change the picture? Would the then divided nationalist factions unite forces before the next election, thereby vastly expanding the range of possibilities in front of us?

There have been one or two people recently who have suggested that we should have made decisions 4 years ago and stuck to them rigidly rather than change plans and targets en route. I hope that I have demonstrated that this

was impossible.

By the beginning of this year I found myself facing a situation in which it was highly likely that an election would be called during the year, and very possibly in the Summer — and so it turned out.

CAPABILITIES OF PARTY

I had to take sober stock of the party's capabilities in respect of making a credible showing in this election, and in this regard had to contend with the following facts which four years previously had only been possibilities:-

- (a) If the election came this year, it would not be fought with the whole resources of a unified nationalist movement; the BNP would have to fight it on its own and with its own limited resources.
- (b) While the party had held together well and slightly gained in overall strength since 1983, it had not as yet enjoyed any spectacular growth.
- (c) Nor had it enjoyed any great financial windfall that substantially increased its monetary resources.
- (d) The imprisonment of John Morse (editor of *British Nationalist*) and myself for 4 months during 1986 had considerably disrupted the party and this disruption would take some months to repair.
- (e) As fortune would have it, we had in the first months of 1987 internal problems in one or two key areas of the country which, for the time being, would weaken our capability in those areas. These problems are of the kind that are quite normal, arising as they do from a variety of circumstances, usually to do with the changed private situation of key local

Contd. overleaf

THE GENERAL ELECTION

(Contd. from page 14)

officials. They can usually be overcome with time, patience and attention, and some of them now have largely been overcome. It was just bad luck that in the period immediately prior to a likely election several of them arose concurrently.

In consideration of these circumstances, it was obvious to me that we had no chance of fighting 50 seats in the general election if that election was called this Summer — unless we were able quickly to raise some big money. I attempted one last shot at this by means of a special election fund appeal. The appeal did raise in the region of £3,000 but it was far short of the target of £15,000 that we would have had to reach to be able to put down 50 deposits.

Our whole election hopes therefore rested on making a credible showing in some 20 to 25 seats — meaning that we would need to raise about £1,000 for each of those seats to cover our deposit and have another £500 or so left to pay for an adequate supply of campaign literature.

SIGNAL FROM GREENWICH

Could we expect, however, even with that campaign literature, to get respectable votes? There was some hope that we might up to the time of the Greenwich by-election in February. The very small vote given to both the contending nationalist candidates in that election seemed to indicate that, if a general election was called soon, not much better results could be expected. In Greenwich, the 'loony left' had been used as a bogey to herd people into voting for the candidate most likely to defeat Labour. There was every reason to expect that in the general election much the same atmosphere would prevail in many areas.

As the election approached, therefore, there were two circumstances that had to be weighed carefully and seriously: after Greenwich, it did not seem likely that we could obtain a good vote; and with the failure of our appeal in April to raise anywhere near £15,000 there was no chance that we could obtain broadcasting time.

I had to add to this the local problems of which I have spoken. In the event of an election being called in June, it seemed to me virtually certain that the party could not put up a showing that would make the exercise worthwhile. Why was it not decided then, and clearly announced then, that we would not take part? On this question I have come in for some criticism. My answer, however, is simple.

As long as there was a **possibility** that the election may not be called until Autumn of this year, there was a possibility that we could take part in it. I had confidence that in four months or so a lot could be achieved in repairing things in the malfunctioning

branches and also in raising more money. There was an outside chance that in the Autumn we might fight 50 seats or else fight 20-25 really well. There was also a possibility that the political climate shown at Greenwich might change, although this was not all that likely.

Had I made the announcement that the party would not fight in June but may fight in Autumn, there was the grave danger that this could have resulted in a slackening of effort and, in the latter event, this could crucially have affected our chances of making a decent showing. I came of the opinion therefore that a definite decision could not be made on whether the BNP would enter the election until we knew for certain that it would be in June, and in that case the decision would have to be that we would not take part.

TIME FOR DECISION

During the morning of Monday, May 11th, when it had been predicted that an announcement would be made about a June election, if any, I had my wife with her ear tuned to the radio constantly and with the request that she inform me immediately if a June election was announced. It was and she did. Without delay, I arranged for a branch bulletin to be drafted and dispatched by late post that same day, with 18p postage so that everyone was informed as soon as possible of what could be the only decision, that we should not fight.

Right up to the last, this decision was exceedingly difficult for me, as I knew that there were people in the party, including some of my most valued colleagues, who would be greatly disappointed. I had to decide on the basis of what was best for the party, however, and not according to what would best enhance my popularity.

Within a few days I was able to ascertain. from the 'feed-back' from around the country, that the decision had met with majority agreement. I did not make it with that consideration in mind, but it was nevertheless comforting to hear this. One or two notable people, however, disagreed with the decision. One of these was my old and valued colleague David Bruce of North London Region and the party's National Activities Organiser. Mr. Bruce, however, had no hesitation in accepting the decision and seeing to it that it was carried out. In this, he set an excellent example to all others and amply justified the respect I have always had for him. With the great majority of those of similar view, this was also the case.

Some people, I have to say, took too much of a narrow and parochial view of things. They were prepared in their areas to fight the election and they could not see why we should not. They seemed not to understand that we must take decisions as a national party and on the basis of our appraisal of the whole national picture; we could not look at the matter as a series of local parties operating in isolation from each other. I was due to fight as a candidate in an area where the party was

adequately prepared, but I could not allow this consideration to sway my judgement for a second.

To my great regret, I soon heard that two prominent local officers in the party were refusing to accept the decision and were intending to go ahead with their own plans to fight their local seats. It was clear from the first that if these two could not be persuaded to change their minds I would be left with no alternative but to expel them from the party, as I am fully empowered by our constitution to do. As I appreciated both these men's record of good service and as I regarded them both as personal friends (in one case an extremely close friend to whom I had every reason to be grateful for a number of personal services as well as services to the party), I would rather have been faced with almost any situation than this one.

Emissaries were assigned with the job of getting in touch with both these people to dissuade them from their course, and as part of this attempted persuasion an escape line was offered so as not to place them in a position of making too humiliating a climbdown. This was that they be permitted to go ahead and fight provided they do so under the labels of independents and not use the party name, and that they finance themselves from funds independently raised. People in the party will surely understand that this was the very maximum that could be offered if the rule of anarchy was not to be given the green light in the party. I might add that, as part of the offer, it was proposed that party activists who wished to do so would be given the goahead to work actively for the two men in their constituencies. In fact we bent over backwards to find a solution to this almost impossible situation into which these men had placed themselves and to avoid a head-on conflict with the inevitable break.

ATTEMPT AT REASON

When my colleagues who had been detailed to negotiate with the two men came back and informed me that they had failed to move them, I then contacted them myself by telephone and offered to meet them at a place of their own convenience within the next day or so — it had to be very soon if we were to avoid reaching the point of no return.

One of them said he would not be able to meet me within the time limit in question. I therefore attempted to dissuade him in the course of the telephone call. It was quite clear to me that he was utterly immovable and did not even want a compromise solution.

The other I did meet the next day 2 miles from his home and nearly 50 miles from mine. I tried to reason with him and also offered him a compromise which would give him a way out in which he would be spared a humiliation. He too was utterly immovable.

What I had hoped all along would not be necessary had now become inevitable. Both men were sent an expulsion notice the next

Contd. on page 16



SIR: Now that the political sports have reached a conclusion and the winner announced according to the votes cast by an electorate which voted in obedience to instructions from the media, it seems appropriate to take up the argument raised by Mr. R.F. Brown in your columns last month.

I watched and waited for one of the main political parties to raise the issue that has contributed most to the breakdown of the British economy. Not one of these parties asked the people if they were satisfied with the present money system, and for all the talk about the economy it would seem as if that system had played no part at all in bringing about the industrial chaos of today.

Mr. Brown writes: "What happens is that account figures are debited and credited by a mere entry in the books. This is why the banks can lend far more money than they actually have. This also means that they can charge interest on money they don't even possess!" In other words, there is a constantly growing shortage of money actually in circulation, which can only be replaced by negotiating new and larger loans, bringing about a dangerous spiral of debt.

This kind of money system is both expensive and inefficient and were it not for the fact that the system is so richly rewarding for those within the financial sector it would have been reformed long ago.

Clare Macdonald in The Money Manufacturers wrote: "It is the increasing burden of debt and interest that represents the hidden increment in the economy that is draining it of its life and which ensures that the fruits of greater production do not go to its creators."

During the election campaign we were informed that Britain is now more efficient and, according to Mrs. Thatcher, 8 years of Tory government has transformed the economy into 'Europe's success story'. Indeed, success for whom?

The invisible rulers referred to by Disraeli when he said that "the world is governed by very different persons from what is imagined by those who are not behind the scenes" handed down to today's generation of megabankers the secret key to world power.

For banks to 'lend' into the economy nothing more than pieces of paper issued on their own authority (there is nothing wrong with money issued by the right authority) can only be described as an evil state of affairs. Yet neither Conservatives, Labour nor the Alliance have any policy for changing the system which allows this evil. Labour, while it talks all the time about 'public' and 'social' ownership and control, is quite happy to see the nation's money in control of the private bankers.

JOHN PEACOCK Leicester

SIR: I could not agree more absolutely with James Thurgood's article 'Should we grasp the nettle?' in the May issue. For more than a century, political parties have proliferated all over the world with names that have little or no relation to their real objectives and policies: 'Radical Republicans'; 'Social Democrats'; 'Centre'; 'Progressive'; 'Christian Democrat', etc., etc. Germany's National Socialist Party had the rare feature of a name and platform totally consistent with each other. The 'National' part related to the determination to restore German dignity, pride and independence from the oppressions and injustices of the imposed Versailles 'Treaty'. The 'Socialist' part expressed the belief that a nation is (or should be) a Volk, that is a kind of vast extended family of kinfolk and as such collectively responsible for the well being of its individual family members. It is a rejection of the dog-eat-dog atomisation of man which stems from the period of Adam Smith and the so-called 18th century 'Enlightenment'.

I first went to Germany in 1935 with a party of British schoolboys. We were there several weeks and travelled over most of what is now West and East (i.e. Middle) Germany. In Britain, the depression and unemployment had produced an almost palpable air of gloom and anxiety in the streets. Faces were unsmiling. There was much class hatred. A well-spoken lad would be jeered at as "bleeding

lahdy-dah" and often physically attacked. The working class was parodied and mocked in popular plays and often regarded as a mutinous and 'bolshie' lot of ruffians. But the Jarrow hunger marches were not long in the past. Of course, individuals enjoyed themselves as they always do in any times. There were day excursions to the seaside, picnics, parties, private friendships. But the national mood was unhappy and even bitter. "Hitler must be stopped" was a most conveniently arranged distraction.

That first visit to Germany was like stepping out of a grey twilight into glorious sunshine. The faces of people on the street were cheerful and smiling. There was an air of hope and confidence and new-found pride everywhere. Being apolitical young rascals, we took to greeting strangers with 'Heil Hitler!' just to see and marvel at the immediate and so enthusiastic response. Or are we to believe that the entire German nation is made up of consumate actors? That experience made an impression on me which has lasted to this day.

As Mr. Thurgood probably knows, we have a somewhat different emphasis on the relative importance today of 'race' and 'nation'. It is not important in our common struggle, but I would say that National Socialism is a less accurate description of our present struggle than Racial Socialism. What the Germans faced before the war was the impoverishment, degradation and vengeful oppression that they suffered at the hands of the victor nations of World War I, as well as the total control and perversion of their national culture and heritage by aliens within. Today, we, the Germans, Dutch, Scandinavians - and all North Europeans everywhere, in the other continents as well as in Europe itself — face a deadly war of extermination that is being waged against us by

Contd. on page 20

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THE GENERAL ELECTION

(Contd. from page 14)

day — although in the case of the one I had met I told him that I would not take any action until the end of the following afternoon and that he could always phone me before then if he wished.

He did not, and he was expelled along with his colleague. I do not remember any decision which gave me less pleasure.

A small number of people in the party have reproached me for this decision on the grounds that both men have rendered admirable services to the BNP. Well, there is noone more aware of this than I. I could not allow it for one moment, however, to sway me. Theirs had not been some unintentional misdemeanour, nor some hasty committed in the heat of the moment. They knew exactly what they were doing. Neither of them are youngsters and therefore to be forgiven the rashness of youth. Both were given ample time to think and reconsider their course. Both were offered 'escape routes' devised to spare them the total climb-down that I would have been quite entitled to demand. They turned down all these appeals to reason and offers of compromise.

WHAT WAS THE ALTERNATIVE?

Those who feel that what was done to them was unduly severe must be asked the question: what conceivable alternative was available to me in these circumstances?

And if it be argued that account should

have been taken of their good previous records and how valuable activists and officers they were, I can only reply: are we to have two sets of rules in our party — one for good activists and officers and another for ordinary members? Does a good active record qualify a member to abide by decisions when he approves of them but disregard them when he does not?

If this matter — messy and unpleasant though it was and distressing indeed to me in a very personal way — had been dealt with in any other fashion, the BNP would have no right to condemn the 'liberals' who infest our national life today for their abdication of authority and the dangerously irresponsible latitude that they give to lawbreakers. We would in fact ourselves be guilty of the very things for which we despise those who have misruled Britain.

That eventuality I do not intend to permit in our party. If there is anyone who prefers to be a member of a party with no internal discipline and where everyone may do exactly as he damned well likes, there are parties around which they can go and join; they clearly do not fit into this one.

I might finally say this: should our members feel that they cannot hold confidence in me as a result of the decision I have made concerning the 1987 general election, our constitution provides for them the facility to dispense with my services and choose another leader if they wish (BNP Constitution Section 4). Until that day comes, I have a mandate to lead and I intend to exercise it. I shall do so, as I have said, with a view always to the interest of our party and not to personal

popularity. I also intend to see to it that **discipline** will prevail in our party. This means that, while colleagues are perfectly entitled to disagree with me and try to make me change my mind, once I have, with due regard for their opinions, made a decision, that decision stands.

The election has now come and gone and established quite clearly that the UDI-style action of these two individuals was a total waste of their time and their and their supporters' money. Between £1,000 and £2,000 was thrown down the drain obtaining, respectively, 369 votes (0.6 per-cent of the poll) and 184 votes (0.4 per-cent of the poll). That is all money that could have gone towards some truly useful, constructive and lasting project connected with the development of the party in the future, in particular its acquisition of a headquarters premises. Taking things on a nationwide basis, we have avoided getting the bloody nose we would most certainly have got if we had entered the contest. And we now have most of our funds conserved, so that we are in a very healthy position with regard to pursuing our future objectives. My proposal to all is that we all now join hands to tackle and achieve those objectives, and leave the past behind us. There is much work to do!

MISSING MAIL

There is still evidence that mail sent to our box number in South East London is getting 'lost' in the post. Would any readers who have evidence that their communications are not getting through please let us know.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE NEW UNHAPPY LORDS (A.K. Chesterton) £3.00. An exposure of the financial power that seeks to dragoon mankind into a global police state. 1972, 25pp. THE MONEY BOMB (James Gibb Stuart) £3.95. Discusses the failure of our debt-based financial system and describes its role in creating inflation. 1983, 158pp. THE LEMMING FOLK (James Gibb Stuart) £7.95. A witty and factual examination of current attitudes and intellectual fashion that are threatening our future. 1980, 246pp.

THE GRAND DESIGN (Douglas Reed) £2.00. A behind-the-scenes look at modern world history. 1977,

THE GLOBAL MANIPULATORS (Robert Eringer) £2.50. While the author repudiates any conspiratorial view of world events, he still provides a comprehensive exposure of the organisation and influence of the Bilderberg Group and the Trilateral Commission. 1980, 95pp.

RACE (J.R. Baker) £7.60. The author, a professional zoologist for 50 years, provides an objective and scholarly account of what race means and how the concept has affected human thinking. A specialist book but one of great importance. 1974, 625pp.

PEACE STUDIES IN OUR SCHOOLS — PROPAGANDA FOR DEFENCELESSNESS (John Marks) 22.95. An important book on a major current educational scandal: the indoctrination of schoolchildren by pacifist and unilateralist 'educationalists'. This topical and factual study makes it plain that we are not simply confronted with odd teachers here and there abusing their positions but a whole network of organisations and institutions, some publicly funded, co-ordinating their attack on young people's minds. 1984, 63pp.

This is an up-to-date list of books stocked by our service. It excludes a number of works on the racial question which have (we hope temporarily) been withdrawn from circulation pending examination and enquiries concerning their liability to be the subject of prosecutions under the 1986 Public Order Act. The prices listed here do not include postage, which should be assessed by calculating one-eighth the total value of each order. Money should be enclosed with orders and all cheques and postal orders should be made out to the BNP Book Service ONLY and not included in remittances sent for other items.

THE ZIONIST CONNECTION (Alfred M. Lilienthal) £13.00. The second edition of a sensational exposure by a non-Zionist Jew of Zionist power politics. 1982, 904pp.

TREASON AT WESTMINSTER (Dr. Kittle Little) 50p. Text of a memorandum to the Royal Commission on Criminal Procedure entitled: Infiltration of the government by members of subversive or criminal organisations for the purpose of furthering the interests of those organisations. 1979, 24pp.

A WORLD COUP D'ETAT IS PLANNED (Dr. Kitty Little) 50p. Updates the above, giving details of the destructive effects of treaties foisted on Britain. 1984, 66p.

BNP Book Service P.O.Box 446 London SE23 2LS

THE COLLAPSE OF BRITISH POWER (Correlli Barnett) £8.95. A welcome reissue of a vitally important book first published in 1972. Shows how liberalism and lack of political realism brought about Britain's 20th century decline in the political, industrial and military fields. 643pp.

F.D.R. — THE OTHER SIDE OF THE COIN (Hamilton Fish) £5.00. An exposure of President Roosevelt's war guilt and trickery by a former associate. 1976, 255pp.

STATE SECRETS (Count Leon de Poncins) £3.50. A study of some little known state documents that throw much light on recent history. 1975, 191pp.

CENSORED HISTORY (Eric Butler) £1.50. An examination of some of the facts of recent history that have not found their way into textbooks and newspapers. 1974, 48pp.

THE CONTROVERSY OF ZION (Douglas Reed) £9.00. A best-seller in nationalist circles ever since its publication. A study of Jewish-Gentile relations since biblical times, packed with little-known and long-suppressed facts. 1979, 580pp.

ARCHITECTS OF CONSPIRACY (William P. Hoar) £15.00. One of the most serious and detailed accounts of financial manipulation ever published. From the time of the American Revolution to the present, we are given names, dates and facts. The material originally appeared in the journal American Opinion. 1984, 361pp. THE UNHOLY ALLIANCE (Patrick Walsh) £2.25. A former Canadian undercover police officer exposes the dirty tricks employed by Zionists and Communists to misdirect and destroy patriotic groups and to suppress free enquiry. 1986, 34pp.

OTHER PUBLICITY MATERIAL

B.N.P. STATEMENT OF POLICY

An up-to-date resume of the main political objectives of the British National Party. 22p post-free from: PO Box 446, London SE23 2LS.

B.N.P. ELECTION MANIFESTO 1983

Booklet outlining the policies on which the British National Party fought the 1983 General Election. Entitled Vote for Britain (23pp). 42p post-free from: PO Box 446, London SE23 2LS.

B.N.P. LEAFLETS

Fed up with the party politicians? Reprint of a popular old Nationalist leaflet, brought up to date. Deals with British National Party policies on the main national

Have you been thrown on the scrapheap by foreign imports? This leaflet deals with unemployment and explains in simple terms how millions of British jobs are being destroyed by the international free trade policies of successive governments. A brief and concise argument for economic nationalism.

Violent crime in Britain: the horrifying truth. Deals with muggings, rapes and other violent attacks on defenceless people, giving examples of specific cases. Calls for much tougher treatment of violent criminals.

This is OUR country. Leaflet questioning people on their views about race riots and multi-racialism and telling them that if they answer affirmatively their place is with the British National Party. Features vivid picture of riot area in flames.

These leaflets cost £4.50 per 1,000 with postage costs at £2.23 for 1,000, £2.65 for 2,000 and £3.10 for 3,000. Orders with cash to PO Box 446, London SE23 2LS.

B.N.P. POSTERS

Large posters (17.7in. x 25.2in)

Multi-racial Britain: the experiment that failed. Help us end it! Collage of 1981 riot photos, with BNP name and address and logo in red, white and blue. Limited quantities left in stock. Not being reprinted.

Plain poster. Contains BNP name and address and logo in red, white and blue. Remaining space empty for slogan to be filled in that is appropriate to the occasion. Available only to accredited BNP regional, branch or group Organisers.

These large-size posters cost: 1-9 at 12p each; 10-19 at 10p each; 20-49 at 8p each; 50 or over at 6p each. Estimate postage at weight of 20g for 1 poster.

Medium-sized posters (12.6in. x 17.7in.)

Multi-racial Britain: the experiment that failed. Help us end it! Collage of 1985 riot photos.

Oppose the disarmers! Build up our forces! Make Britain strong! Photo of Royal Marine in action with machine gun.

She freezes in winter while Third World gets £1,000 million a year. Put British people before aliens! Photo of old lady by unlit fire.

Support Ulster: smash terrorism. Hang IRA murderers! Drawing of man holding hangman's rope with wife and youngster and flag in background.

Protect British jobs: ban imports! Special unemployment poster with photo of Japanese cars coming off boat. CND are Moscow's puppets. Don't be fooled by them.
Keep Britain's bomb. Drawing of Soviet Army General manipulating nuclear disarmers on puppet strings.

Protect our women and old folk: stamp out muggers! Drawing of typical mugging gang.

These posters contain the BNP name and address and logo in red, white and blue and are priced: 1-9 at 12p each; 10-19 at 10p each; 20-49 at 8p each; 50 or over at 6p each. Postage should be estimated on the basis of one poster weighing 10g.

Orders with cash to PO Box 446, London SE23 2LS.

NEW B.N.P. STICKERS

New stickers with sloagns:-

Fight subversion: smash Communism! Put British people before aliens! (same as poster). Start repatriation!

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Protect our young from child murderers: bring back the rope!

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Rally '82: Speeches from the BNP national rally in London on October 16th 1982, the theme of which was "Unite and fight for Britain's future!"

Side 1: Includes speech by Charles Parker.

Side 2: Speech by John Tyndall.

Voices of Nationalism:

Side 1: Speeches from the Nationalist Unity rally in London on September 5th 1981. Hear John Tyndall, Kenneth McKilliam, Len Bearsford-Walker and others.

Side 2: Talk by John Tyndall on the theme: "The coming British Revolution's.

Tyndall sneaks I: Two studio talks:-

Side 1: Talk on theme of "Our Anglo-Saxon heritage" (about the worldwide dispersion of the peoples of British stock). Side 2: Talk on theme of "Britain's economic crisis"

Tyndall speaks II: Two studio talks:-Side 1: Talk on the theme of 'The case for Nationalism'

(the internationalist argument demolished).
Side 2: Talk on the theme of "Tragedy of the 20th Cen-

tury (analysis of the Second World War).

Tyndall speaks III: Two studio talks:-

Side 1: Talk on the theme of "Why we must repatriate". Side 2: Talk on the theme of "Foundations of the national community" (Discourse on Racial Nationalism and its concepts of government and citizenship).

Cassette recordings available at £3.50 plus 18p p&p. Orders with cash to: PO Box 446, London SE23 2LS.

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Oblong BNP stickers with party logo, name and address, with slogans:- (1) A new way forward for Britain; (2) Stop the riots — peace through repatriation; (3) Smash the IRA — keep Ulster British; (4) Release patriotic political prisoners; (5) Join us now! Make Britain a riot-free zone; (6) Our country — love it or lose it! £4.70 per roll of 500 inc. p&p. Rolls of 100 stickers also available with different slogans minimum order 500.

BNP beer mats with party logo, name and address. Slogan: British Nationalism is working for our people let's rebuild Britain now! Ideal recruitment aid for leaving in pubs or for nationalist socials. Samples for £1 or packs for £3/£5/£10 inc. p&p.

BNP ball pens. Brown/gold retractable ball pen with clip:

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Stick pen with clip; publicity pencil; publicity pencil with rubber; teric ball pen; super retractable pen. One of each type for £1 inc. p&p. All stamped with party name.

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Pens bearing the slogan "British National Party — for race and nation". Sample for 22p post-free.

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CANDOUR

British views letter, founded by A.K. Chesterton to defend national sovereignty against the menace of international finance. Subscription £5 per year. Obtainable from: Forest House, Liss Forest, Hants. GU33 7DD.

THE THUNDERBOLT

Hard hitting paper for American and other white race patriots. Sample copy for £1 from: PO Box 1211, Marietta, Ga. 30061, U.S.A.

B.N.P. KEY RINGS

Key rings with attachment containing BNP party logo in red, white and blue. £1.75 inc. p&p from: PO Box 457, London SE20 7QE.

POPULAR ITEMS Prices on this page



Speech by John Tyndall





Nationalism's time of challenge

LIBERAL M.P. Cyril Smith warned on BBC1's Question Time last month that we could now see a period of Tory Government stretching to the end of the century.

Far less is this due to the merits or achievement of Mrs. Thatcher than it is to the utter disarray of the parties of opposition. Labour is hopelessly split, with its militant wing now too strongly entrenched to be shifted. Above and beyond this, it has to face the fact that fewer and fewer people in Britain believe any more in socialism.

The Alliance has shown once again that in general elections it is utterly ineffectual. Its leading spokesmen and spokeswomen come across as lightweights and has-beens. Its only hope of becoming any kind of force lies in the unification of its Liberal and SDP factions, but it looks now as if the latter will not consent to this.

This apart, there is no burning national issue on which the Alliance can claim any distinctive policy. Its appeal seems to consist just of saying that it stands in the middle of the road between two 'extremes' — which is no substitute for a programme to put Britain on its feet.

In effect, therefore, what we have in the years ahead of us is a growing vacuum in the way of opposition to Toryism and Thatcher-

nationalist purnal published by Cardiff BNP. Second number now available, price 50p including postage. First number — still some copies available.

Cardiff BNP, PO Box 214, Cardiff CF3 9YB.

BRITISH NATIONALIST

British Nationalist is a tabloid published in support of the British National Party, normally on a monthly basis. Sample copies will be sent on receipt of 27p (covering p&p). Subscription for 12 issues is £3.45 (British Isles) or £4.00 (overseas surface mail). Bulk rates are as follows:-

10 copies	£1.20	plus 37p post
25 copies	£2.70	plus £1.00 post
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1,000 copies	£62.00) by Roadline .

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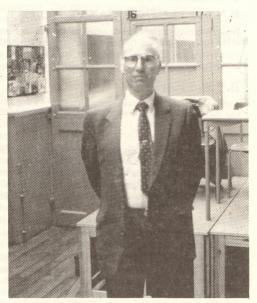
Yet the fact is that Toryism and Thatcherism are, outside the comfortable and prosperous South, mainly detested. In Scotland this is particularly evident, but over most of Wales and the North of England it is also the case.

A truly new political force, with dynamic policies, can fill this vacuum in the remaining years of the present century. **Nationalism** can be that force — if it quickly gets its act together. This means uniting its various factions and pooling its resources in a common effort.

The probable areas in which Nationalism will first gain large-scale support will be Scotland and the North of England, Wales and the depressed regions of the Midlands. In these areas there is truly massive potential if a nationalist movement can be created that is sufficiently strong and viable.

What is crucial is that in the coming months the divisions that have crippled the nationalist camp throughout the 1980s are mended, so that this time of immense opportunity may not be wasted

A development has now taken place which gives some promise of better things to come. Recently there has been contact between representatives of the British National Party and one of the factions of the presently splintered National Front, namely the National Front Support Group. As a result of discussions between the two bodies, it has been agreed to form a Nationalist Alliance,



STANLEY CLAYTON-GARNETT
Will chair liaison committee

similar in character to the Alliance comprising the Liberal and Social Democratic Parties. This Alliance is seen as a first step towards resolving the differences that have divided the two groups in the past, and it is hoped that in time other nationalist groups will place themselves under the umbrella of this organisation. The articles of policy of the Nationalist Alliance are as yet brief and no doubt will be expanded as time goes on. Here, however, we give the bare bones of what has been agreed so far.

THE NATIONALIST ALLIANCE

THE NATIONALIST ALLIANCE is to serve as a working agreement between the British National Party and the National Front Support Group. Under this agreement the two parties will co-operate in the following areas:-

- (1) There will be formed a Liaison Committee comprising a Chairman and Deputy Chairman and 6 other members, 3 from each party. The Chairman will be Stanley Clayton-Garnett of the BNP and the Deputy Chairman Joe Pearce of the NFSG. Other members will be Richard Edmonds, David Bruce and John Morse of the BNP and Andrew Brons, Stephen Brady and Michael Harris of the NFSG.
- (2) This Liaison Committee will discuss, propose and help to organise joint activities and other projects to be undertaken together by the two parties.
- (3) The two parties will act together in the promotion of a number of major public events to be held in the coming months, such as public rallies, marches and other public demonstrations.

- (4) The two parties will undertake to permit and encourage a free exchange of publications, under which the publications of each party will be bought by, and displayed for sale at the meetings of, the other.
- (5) The two parties will operate an electoral pact under which, through mutual contact by means of the Liaison Committee, there will be an avoidance of any clash in parliamentary or local government elections, with both parties putting up rival candidates.

As contact and mutual trust and accord between the two parties is increased, it is expected that these areas of collaboration will be extended. It has been mutually agreed between both parties to this arrangement that no specific statement of objectives beyond this working collaboration will be made. The majority of nationalists, however, will hope that this initial lowering of the barriers of division and mutual hostility will lead to a yet closer coming together in the future.

Greenwich BNP helps HQ fund

GREENWICH BRANCH of the British National Party has made a fine gesture in contributing £1,000 from its general election fund, not now needed, to the party's headquarters fund.

The branch worked possibly harder than any other to raise this money for the election but loyally accepted the decision that the party would not fight once it was made. Organiser Terry Fitzgerald has modestly asked that most of the credit go to election fund treasurer Ian Dell for the achievement in raising the money, but we feel that equal credit is due to both.

Terry Fitzgerald is now retiring as branch organiser and handing over to Ian Dell. We take this opportunity of thanking Mr. Fitzgerald for the magnificent work he has done for the branch over the years.

Can you help us trace this debtor?

We would appreciate very much receiving help from our readers and friends in South Africa in tracing a former customer that owes us money. The customer is the Veritas Bookshop, last known to operate from PO Box 2052, Pretoria and managed by a Mrs. Katherine Heusler-Vos. Some months ago we suspended supplies to this customer as it had run up unpaid debts of £76.66 dating back to February 1986. We have persistently sent letters requesting payment of this money but have not even received the courtesy of a reply.

We feel that the cavalier attitude of this customer towards its responsibility to honour its financial obligations is most regrettable and no doubt will be deplored particularly by our South African readers.

If there is anyone among these readers who can shed any light on the disappearance of Veritas Books and its management and thus help us to recover the monies owing to us, we would be very pleased to hear from them. The amount is not large, but neither are the financial resources of our magazine, and this kind of loss is not easy for us to sustain.

FRONT BRANCH IN DONCASTER COMES OVER TO B.N.P.

THIS MONTH we take great pleasure in welcoming to the BNP ranks the former Doncaster Branch of the National Front Support Group. The decision of the branch to align itself with the BNP was made at a meeting in Doncaster on Monday, June 8th, which was addressed by BNP representatives Andrew Oxley and John Wood.

Those present at the meeting voted by a

substantial majority to cross over to the BNP.

Doncaster Branch was one of the best units of the NF, and we look forward very much to working with these very active nationalists in the future. The branch will be a very good addition to the growing BNP strength in South Yorkshire, where it is well placed to collaborate with the nearby Sheffield Branch of the party.

Casualties of the battle: please help!

There is still a substantial bill to pay for legal costs in the court action in which Richard Edmonds, Ian Dell and Liam Kernaghan were convicted for wilful damage to the statue of African terrorist Nelson Mandela on London's South Bank. Richard Edmonds himself has been personally 'lumbered' with this bill, and we feel that there are many readers all over the world who would be only too pleased to help him pay it off. Contributions should be sent to Richard Edmonds, PO Box 446, London SE23 2LS.

Six other nationalists have also had heavy expenses imposed on them as a result of a fracas occurring at the BNP's Remembrance Day parade in York last November when they were confronted with an unruly red mob who insulted and spat upon some elderly nationalists wearing their war medals. The fines imposed upon these men were truly vicious considering the circumstances.

Jonathan Stokes (Hull), Paul Reynolds (Sheffield) and John Peacock, Jnr. (Leicester) were all fined £300 each, while Richard Bentley (Bradford), Stephen Varley (Sheffield) and Andrew Highton (Leicester) were fined £200 each.

These activists are all young working lads and they could do with help. Please send all contributions towards these fines to BNP Yorkshire Region, PO Box BR10, Bramley, Leeds 13.

COMING SEMINARS

In the wake of the general election, priority in the British National Party will be given to a series of internal training seminars organised on a regional basis. Local officers will be informed of these by bulletin.

Contact your local party unit

THE BRITISH NATIONAL PARTY is organised into active units extending over most of the areas of the United Kingdom. Below we give a list of the local addresses of the main units:-

NORTH LONDON

PO Box 462, Greenwood Road, Hackney, London E8 4HH

WEST LONDON

PO Box 33, Greenford, Middx. UB6 8DS

SOUTH LONDON

PO Box 446, London SE23 2LS

Bromley

PO Box 457, London SE20 7QE

EAST KENT

73 Shirkoak Park, Woodchurch, Ashford

DEVON & CORNWALL

PO Box 75, Plymouth PL1 1SQ

NORTH ESSEX

PO Box 703, Colchester CO7 9SP

NORFOLK

A9 Johnson Place, Norwich NR2 2SA

EAST ANGLIA (SOUTH)

2 Albert Road, Framlingham, Suffolk

EAST MIDLANDS

PO Box 148, Leicester LE3 2YD

BIRMINGHAM

PO Box 771, Great Barr, Birmingham B44 9LZ

STOKE-ON-TRENT

PO Box 320, Tunstall, Stoke

SOUTH WALES

PO Box 214, Cardiff CF3 9YB

LIVERPOOL

PO Box 116, Liverpool L69 1SH

MANCHESTER

PO Box 16, Salford M6 5EP

YORKSHIRE

PO Box 10, Bramley, Leeds 13

TYNE & WEAR

PO Box 8, South Shields NE33 1LP

SCOTLAND

PO Box 85, Glasgow G3 8UL

The BNP also has units in West Kent, Basingstoke (Hants), Gloucestershire, Hertfordshire, Bedford, Cambridge, Brierley Hill (W. Midlands), Coventry, Burton-on-Trent, Bolton & Bury, Warrington, Bradford, Halifax, Sheffield, Doncaster, Wakefield, Hull and Sunderland. If you want to make contact with any of these units, or start a new unit, please write to Party Head Office at PO Box 446, London SE23 2LS.

SUPPORT FUND

Although the production costs of our magazine have been considerably reduced by the acquisition of typesetting equipment, these are still greater than is our income from sales and subscriptions. We therefore still rely very much on donations to our regular support fund.

We would particularly appreciate donations over this next month or so, as we have had to make what is for us a large outlay of money in paying for a new flash power supply unit to replace one that had been working very inadequately and could not be repaired. This has amounted to £194.90 exclusive of VAT.

Please send all contributions to PO Box 446, London SE23 2LS. Should anyone require a receipt for a contribution of under £10, would they plase supply SAE.

LETTERS

(Contd. from page 15)

forces resolutely determined on our destruction. We have to meet this threat together.

(Dr.) PETER H. PEEL Reseda, California, U.S.A.

SIR: It would have been wrong even to consider voting for the SDP/LIberal Alliance in the recent election. The Alliance talks about proportional representation because it is not in government. If it ever did obtain a majority of seats, then it would be unlikely to change a system that had brought it success.

And, as with the raising of the deposit to £500, you can be sure that PR, if introduced, would be arranged in such a way as to militate against patriotic candidates.

Above all, how can you be true to yourself and your folk by voting for traitors?

A.S. PAULIN Romford, Essex

SIR: I congratulate you on your recent treatment of the 'cold war' and the use of the USA and USSR by the cosmopolitan money power to subvert the integrity of the individual nations of the world and subjugate them for its use. The two pieces on this subject have the potential to do more for the liberation of the British than almost anything else Spearhead has done in years. I presume you are familiar with Enoch Powell's speeches on the same subject, which reinforce what you have said.

J. ROSS HENDERSON London S.E.26

SIR: I must differ with Ian Sloan and my old friend Ken McKilliam in their criticisms of Freud and Einstein.

I quite accept that psycho-analysis is a theraputically unhelpful procedure, of less value to the mentally sick than, say, hypnosis — or even probably the confessional or a frank talk with a trusted friend, and that this confidence trick made a lot of money for Freud and his many disciples. I also agree that the line of reasoning that relieves us of personal responsibility for our actions has had a malignant effect on our society.

However, when reviewing Freud's work we should take into consideration the sexually repressive age in which he lived, and from which we were only just emerging when he died in 1939. Freud was by no means the first person to challenge the view that there was a divinely-inspired moral code fixed for all time, and to which it was obligatory for all mankind to subscribe — an ethic too severe for all but a saint or a eunuch, and one that has been much more transgressed than observed. I venture to suggest that very few people would want to return to that era, which it is much easier to admire from afar!

Freud formulated a theory which — even though we now see it as out of line — nevertheless contained an element of truth, and thus advanced our understanding of human nature. This truth was perhaps nasty but was certainly necessary. The revelation set people free from the terrible load of debilitating guilt under which so many laboured. Unfortunately, it also relieved them of responsibility. However, if we really believe in the free will, it is up to us to assume this burden and not to blame one solitary thinker for the silly sheep he led over the cliff.

I therefore submit that, misguided though he was, Freud undoubtedly added something to the sum of human knowledge. Criticise him, yes. But please make it balanced criticism.

With regard to Einstein, we should set aside as an irrelevancy the near deification to which he has been subjected by those with a vested interest, and this should also apply to his naive meddling in politics. We may then seriously consider his achievements as a scientist. Whilst due tribute must be paid to Ernest Rutherford for his many important

and valuable findings, and of course to Max Planck and other distinguished and brilliant scientists of the era, this should not preclude ackknowledging a debt to Einstein for his contribution to our understanding of the

universe. Einstein was a mathematician of genius comparable to the greatest. It is not a matter of him being overrated but perhaps of others being under-rated. If, in an attempt to put the record straight, we seek to belittle him, we discredit ourselves and are left open to charges of philistinism and petty-mindedness.

PETER WILLIAMS
Norwich

SIR: "I do not find it hard to believe that distortion and exaggeration have crept into some versions of the so-called 'holocaust'." This guarded statement was made in a letter to me from one of the many bishops with whom I have corresponded of late. It was made in response to a letter I wrote to him enclosing information casting doubt on the truth of the '6 million' legend.

His remark seems to indicate that my letter and enclosures had made a little impact.

The Bishop's words admittedly represent the nearest chink of light in the dense curtain of mass public delusion, but they are at least a step in the right direction. It is possible also that what he had secretly come to accept as fact went a shade further than what he ventured to admit in writing.

Private correspondence is one channel by which we can get our message across to appropriate individuals, and it is a way I would strongly urge on all British Nationalists to pursue who have a good grasp of our case and the ability to express it in writing.

R.D. MOLESWORTH Cheltenham, Glos.

THE BERLIN OLYMPICS

(Contd. from page 11)

The myth of the 1936 Olympics, that the theory of Nordic athletic superiority had been forever destroyed, turns out to be spurious, as does the similarly false idea that blacks have established themselves as the world's foremost athletes.

The two myths will undoubtedly continue to make good newspaper copy. But what is printed is not always true. And what is printed about athletics, especially when a real or imagined racial angle is included, is likely not only to be mythical, but 95% hype.

Find out about the British National Party

Send 25p for information pack

To: P.O. BOX 446 LONDON SE23 2LS

Name	 	 ••••	
Address	 		

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